GT116 GL Sciences Inc.

Analysis of Short-Chain Fatty Acids in Water - Acid Amide Derivatization with DMT-MM

Analyses of short-chain fatty acids in water by gas chromatography can be performed by measuring the sample after derivatization or by introducing the sample directly into a capillary column with a high split ratio. Derivatization methods may result in loss of the target product in processes such as sample drying and solubilization.

In this study, the derivatization reagent DMT-MM* was used because it does not require sample drying or conversion, and the reaction is reliable for samples containing water. DMT-MM can be used to derivatize short-chain fatty acids in water. * 4-(4,6-dimethoxy-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)- 4-methylmorpholinium chloride

Derivatization Methods and Measurement Conditions

80 µL of a solution of octylamine in methanol (100 mmol/L) and 80 μL of a solution of DMT-MM* 1,2 in methanol (100 mmol/L) was added to a solution of short-chain fatty acids (10 µL per 15 mg) and allowed to stand overnight at room temperature and then measured by GC - FID.

DMT-MM (Cat. No. 1022-10005) is a reagent that dehydrates and condenses carboxylic acids and amines at room temperature.

Conditions

System : GC - FID Column : InertCap 1

 $0.25 \text{ mm I.D. x } 30 \text{ m df} = 1.0 \mu\text{m}$

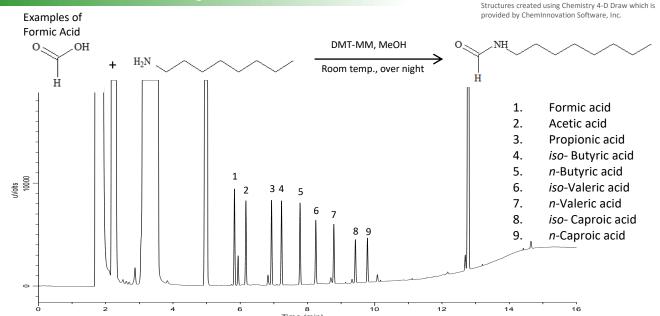
Col. Cat. No. : 1010-11145

Col.Temp. : 160 °C - 10 °C/min - 300 °C (10 min)

Carrier Gas : He 1.0 mL/min : Split 15:1 Injection 250 °C

Detection : FID 250 °C Inj. Vol. : 1 µL

Reaction Schemes and Chromatograms



- Time (min)

 1) Takashi Kunishima, Research on the Development of Reaction Control and Practical Reagents Based on the Characteristics of Reaction Fields, Pharmaceutical Journals 128 (3), 425-438 (2008)
- 2) Takashi Kunishima, Synthesis and Application Development of a New Triazine-type Dehydrated Condenser, Wako Junyaku Journal 72(2), (2004)

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