Reduction of Solvent Consumption in HPLC (2020 #3) -Column Selection

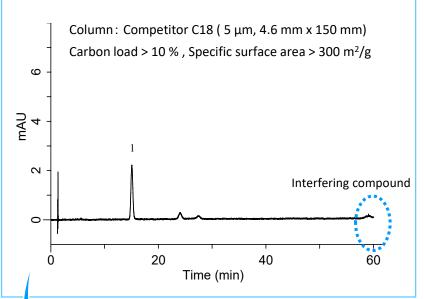
GL Sciences has been suggesting reduction of solvent consumption in HPLC for more than 15 years. This technical note describes how to reduce analysis times and solvent consumption by selection of C18 columns. The example here includes the use of low retentivity C18 columns and changing the column dimensions, which do not require adjustment of the isocratic conditions.

(K. Suzuki)

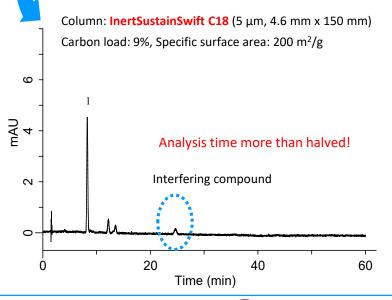
Low Retentivity C18 Columns

Analysis times and solvent consumption can be reduced only by changing the packing material without any change in conditions or column dimensions. Below is an example of column change from a high retentivity C18 column to InertSustainSwift C18, the retentivity of which is low because of a low carbon load (9%) and a small specific surface area (200 m²/g). If the peaks are separated enough, this technique is recommended as a simple way to reduce the analysis time and solvent consumption.

Analysis of Carotenoids in Seawead



Change to a low retentivity column (same dimensions)



Conditions

System : GL7700
Column : C18 column A

(5 μm, 4.6 mm x 150 mm)

Mobile phase : A) CH₃CN

B) H₂O

A/B = 75/25, v/v

Flow rate : 1.0 mL/min

Column Temp. : 40 °C

Detection: VIS 500 nm

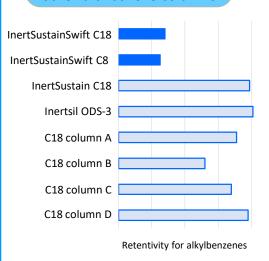
Inj. Vol. : 20 μL

Analyte : Seaweed extract

1. Fucoxanthin

Note: Please refer to LT030 for the sample pretreatment.

Comparison of retentivity among InertSustain and other brands' C18 columns

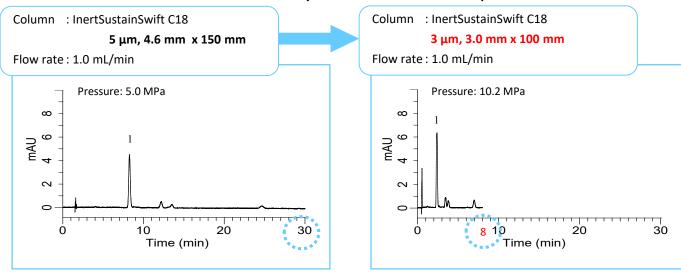




Further Reduction of Analysis Time is Possible!

This technique does not require any change in the analytical conditions such as the mobile phase composition. In the example below, a 3-fold reduction of the analysis time is achieved by simply changing the particle diameter and column dimensions. This reduction of the analysis time also decreases the solvent consumption.

3-fold Reduction of Analysis Time and Solvent Consumption!

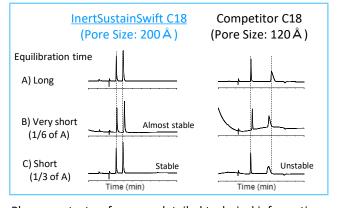


Other Features of InertSustainSwift C18

• Fast equilibration!

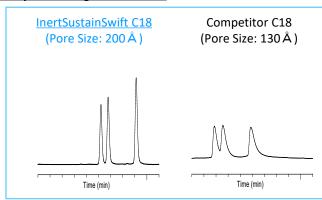
• For small and mid-sized (up to $M_{\rm w} \approx 20,000$) molecules!

Comparison of Equilibration



Please contact us for more detailed technical information.

Analysis of 3 oligonucleic acids



Please refer to LB514 for the analytical conditions.

GL Sciences disclaims any and all responsibility for any injury or damage which may be caused by this data directly or indirectly. We reserve the right to amend this information or data at any time and without any prior announcement.

GL Sciences, Inc. Japan

22-1 Nishishinjuku 6-Chome Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, 163-1130, Japan Phone: +81-3-5323-6620 Fax: +81-3-5323-6621

Email: world@gls.co.jp
Web: www.glsciences.com

GL Sciences B.V.

Dillenburgstraat 7C 5652 AM Eindhoven The Netherlands

Phone: +31 (0)40 254 95 31
Email: info@glsciences.eu
Web: www.glsciences.eu

GL Sciences (ShangHai) Ltd.

Tower B, Room 2003,
Far East International Plaza,
NO,317 Xianxia Road,
Changning District.

Shanghai, China P.C. 200051
Phone: +86 (0)21-6278-2272
Email: contact@glsciences.com.cn
Web: www.glsciences.com.cn

GL Sciences, Inc. USA

4733 Torrance Blvd. Suite 255 Torrance, CA 90503

Phone: 310-265-4424 Fax: 310-265-4425

Email: info@glsciencesinc.com
Web: www.glsciencesinc.com

